



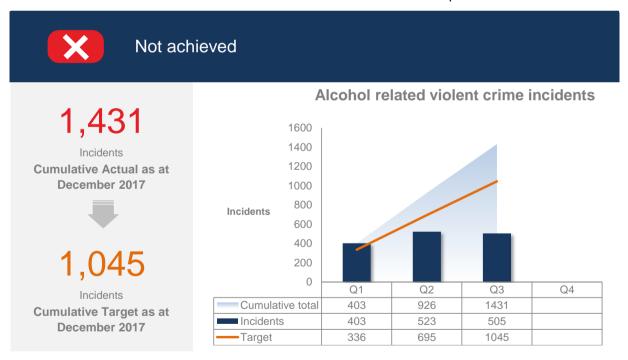
Improve public safety by the reduction in drugs and alcohol misuse, focussed on town centre alcohol fuelled violence and anti-social behaviour, young people and drug misuse

## Alcohol related violent crime incidents

This measure is a count of all Home Office notifiable violence against the person offences (excluding 'no crimes') where alcohol is identified as contributing to the incident. Violence against the person offences includes all assaults apart from sexual offences. This is not a statutory measure and is used as a local indicator only, Home Office notifiable offences refer to the offence classification. For more information about Home Office notifiable offences see:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/counting-rules-for-recorded-crime.

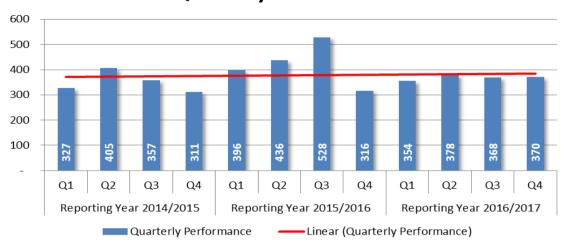
A lower number of alcohol related violent crime incidents indicates a better performance.



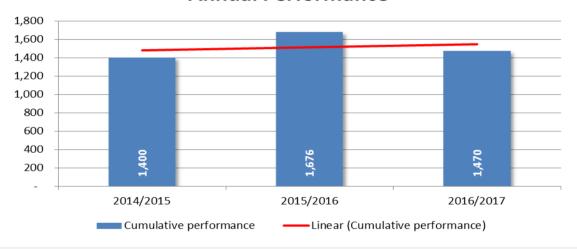
#### About the latest performance

Alcohol related violence increased by 37.2% in Q3 compared to the same quarter last year. This continues the upward trend noted in previous quarters. This indicator is influenced by changes in violent crime recording and the flagging of the presence of alcohol in police crime reports. The increase in violent crime recorded by the police in Lincolnshire is part of a national trend that has been noted by the Office for National Statistics. It is thought that the increase is at least partly driven by changed recording practices, and does not necessarily represent an increase in actual levels of violence.

# Alcohol related violent crime incidents Quarterly Performance



# Alcohol related violent crime incidents Annual Performance



## About the target

Decrease alcohol related violent crime by 5%. A significant number of violence against the person offences are alcohol related. Reducing alcohol related violent offences will help us make sure Lincolnshire is a safe place to live and visit.

#### About the target range

The target range for this measure allows for a +/- 1% fluctuation against the target.

## About benchmarking

This measure is local to Lincolnshire and therefore is not benchmarked against any other area.





Increase public confidence in how we tackle domestic abuse

# Reported incidents of domestic abuse

This measure is a count of all incidents reported to the Police where a Domestic Abuse Stalking and Harassment (DASH) risk assessment was completed. These risk assessments are performed in all incidents that meet the government's definition of domestic abuse:

"Any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive, threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are, or have been, intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality. The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to: Psychological, Physical, Sexual, Financial and Emotional abuse.

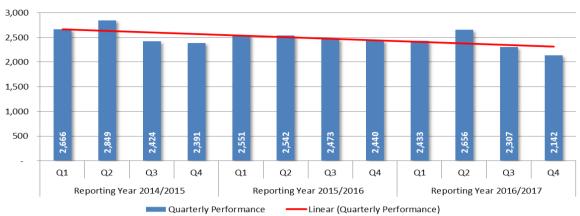
A higher number of reported incidents of domestic abuse indicates a better performance. Domestic Abuse is under reported for many reasons. We take reports of Domestic Abuse seriously and encourage reporting to the Police therefore an increase in reporting is to be seen as a positive, as it allows us to reach more people who need support.



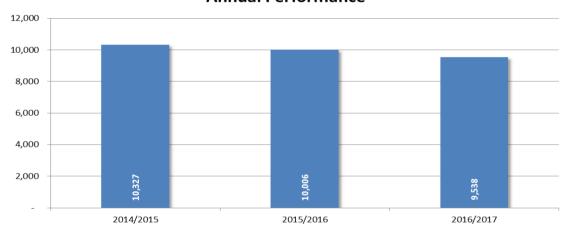
#### About the latest performance

Domestic abuse incidents reported to the police have increased, for all districts apart from Boston and South Holland, compared to the same quarter last year. Overall there has been a 4% increase in reported incidents in Quarter 3 2017-18 compared to Quarter 3 of 2016-17. These figures do not include incidents reported to other agencies and support services such as district councils or housing agencies.

# Reported Incidents of Domestic Abuse Quarterly Performance



# Reported Incidents of Domestic Abuse Annual Performance



### About the target

Our aim is to increase reports of domestic abuse to the Police by 3%. Any increase in reports of domestic abuse to the Police will allow us to reach more people who need support.

### About the target range

The target range for this measure allows for a +/- 0.5% fluctuation against the target.

## About benchmarking

This measure is local to Lincolnshire and therefore is not benchmarked against any other area.





# Reduce fires and their consequences

# Primary fires

Number of incidents of fires involving property (i.e. buildings, vehicles, recycling banks, caravans etc.); and/or casualties, fatalities or rescues; and/or five or more pumping appliances where the Fire Service attended (per 100,000 population).

Numerator is the number of primary fires.

Denominator is the population of Lincolnshire.

The rate per 100,000 population is calculated as follows:

Numerator divided by the denominator multiplied by 100,000.

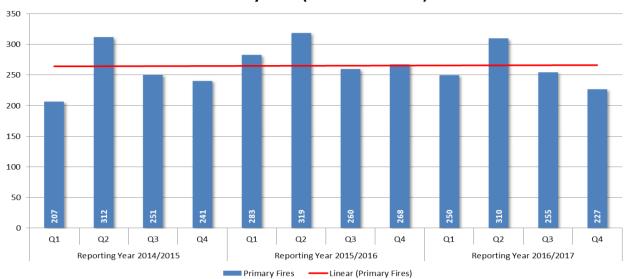
A lower rate of primary fires per 100,000 population indicates a better performance. Please note, the cumulative total is a true reflection of current performance; individual quarterly figures may not always equate exactly to the cumulative figure due to rounding.



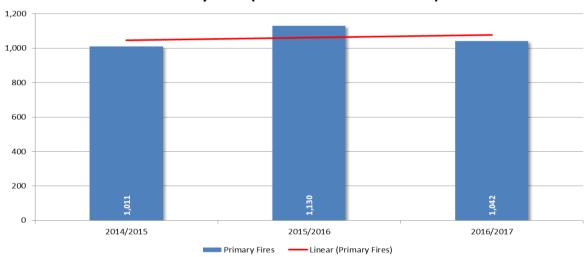
#### About the latest performance

We are behind target for this indicator and have seen an increase of 45 primary fires (5.5% - up from 815 cumulative at Q3 last year to 860 cumulative). The increase can be attributed to rises in dwelling fires (up from 292 to 312-7%) and vehicle fires (up from 198 to 222-12%). The increase seen at Q3 is less significant than that at Q2 and Q1, this has had the effect of bringing the measure closer to target.





## **Primary Fires (Actual Numbers - Annual)**



# About the target

The target is set to aim for continuous improvement, including the following factors: 1) Progress towards 2020 Vision targets, 2) The results of our performance last year, 3) Our Service priorities and 4) Drive for continuous improvement.

## About the target range

A target range of 2% either side of the likely number of incidents at the end of the year.

# About benchmarking

Benchmarking data for this measure is not available





# Reduce fires and their consequences

# Deliberate primary fires

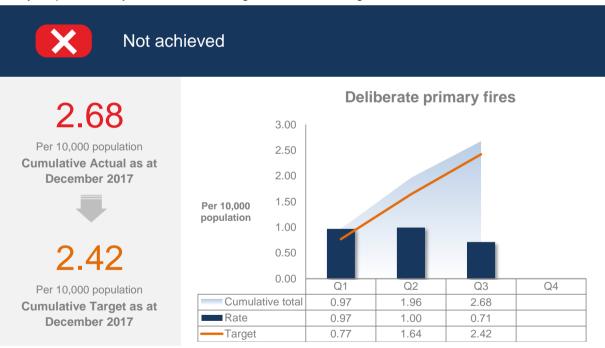
Number of incidents of fires involving property (for example buildings, vehicles, recycling banks, caravans and so on); and/or casualties, fatalities or rescues; and/or five or more pumping appliances where the Fire Service attended & determined that the cause of the fire was deliberate/malicious intent (per 10,000 population).

Numerator is the number of deliberate primary fires.

Denominator is the population of Lincolnshire.

The rate per 10,000 population is calculated as follows: Numerator divided by the denominator multiplied by 10,000.

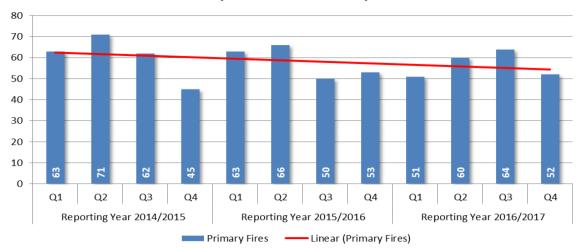
A lower rate of deliberate primary fires per 10,000 population indicates a better performance. Please note, the cumulative total is a true reflection of current performance; individual quarterly figures may not always equate exactly to the cumulative figure due to rounding.



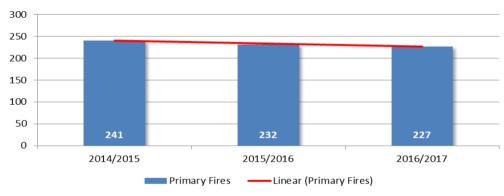
### About the latest performance

We are currently behind target for this indicator and have seen an increase of 24 deliberate primary fires (14% - up from 175 cumulative at Q3 last year to 199 cumulative). The increase can be attributed to rises in deliberate dwelling fires (up from 19 to 30 - 58%) and deliberate vehicle fires (up from 73 to 92 - 26%). On a more positive note, deliberate fires in prisons have almost halved (down from 25 at Q3 last year to 13 this year). The increase in deliberate primary fires seen at Q3 is also less significant than at both Q2 and Q1, this has had the effect of bringing the measure closer to target. We have also reviewed our arson strategy to ensure that our activities continue to target these areas effectively.

# Deliberate Primary Fires (Actual Numbers)



# Deliberate Primary Fires (Actual Numbers - Annual)



## About the target

The target is set to aim for continuous improvement, including the following factors: 1) Progress towards 2020 Vision targets, 2) The results of our performance last year, 3) Our Service priorities and 4) Drive for continuous improvement.

### About the target range

A target range of 5% either side of the likely number of incidents at the end of the year.

### About benchmarking

Benchmarking data for this measure is not available





# Reduce fires and their consequences

# Deliberate secondary fires

Number of incidents of fires:- not involving property; were not chimney fires in buildings; did not involve casualties, fatalities or rescues; were attended by four or fewer pumping appliances where the Fire Service attended and determined that the cause of the fire was deliberate/malicious intent (per 10,000 population).

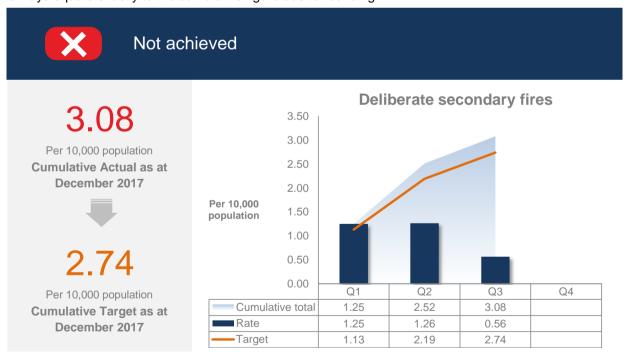
Numerator is the number of deliberate secondary fires.

Denominator is the population of Lincolnshire.

The rate per 10,000 population is calculated as follows:

Numerator divided by the denominator multiplied by 10,000.

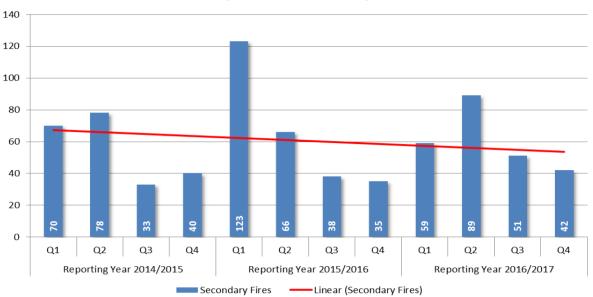
A lower rate of deliberate secondary fires per 10,000 population indicates a better performance. Please note, the cumulative total is a true reflection of current performance; individual quarterly figures may not always equate exactly to the cumulative figure due to rounding.



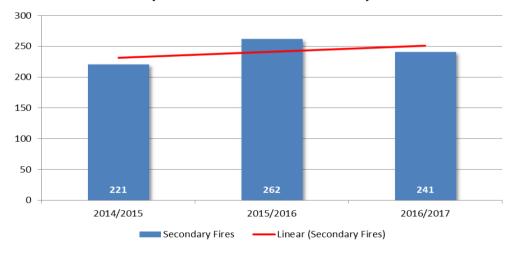
### About the latest performance

We are currently behind target for this indicator and have seen an increase of 30 deliberate secondary fires (15% up from 199 cumulative at Q3 last year to 229 cumulative). Deliberate fires involving refuse/refuse containers continue to account for the majority of these incidents (153 of the 229 this year – 67%) which have increased in number by 32 from 121 at Q3 last year. However, the increase seen at Q3 is less significant than that at both Q2 and Q1, which has had the effect of bringing the measure closer to target. We have also reviewed our arson strategy to ensure that our activities continue to target these areas effectively.

# Deliberate Secondary Fires (Actual Numbers)



# Deliberate Secondary Fires (Actual Numbers - Annual)



## About the target

The target is set to aim for continuous improvement, including the following factors: 1) Progress towards 2020 Vision targets, 2) The results of our performance last year, 3) Our Service priorities and 4) Drive for continuous improvement.

### About the target range

A target range of 5% either side of the likely number of incidents at the end of the year.

## About benchmarking

Benchmarking data for this measure is not available